Geography Progression

KS1 and 2

	FS2	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Enquiry Skills	Ask and answer geographical questions e.g. Where do you live?	Ask and answer geographical questions e.g. What is it like to live in this place?	Ask and answer geographical questions e.g. Where is this place? What is it like? How has it changed?	Ask and answer geographical questions e.g. Where is this location? What do you think about it?	Ask and answer geographical questions e.g. What is this landscape like? What will it be like in the future?	Ask and answer geographical questions e.g. What is this landscape like? How has it changed? What made it change? How is it changing?	Ask and answer geographical questions e.g. What is this landscape like? How is it changing? What patterns can you see/ how has the pattern changed?
	Talk about where they live.	Express own views about a place, people, environment.	Compare own locality with a small area in a non-European country. Express own views about a place, people, environment and give reasons to support likes, dislikes, preferences.	Compare different locations using data/photos/pictures. Give detailed reasons to support likes, dislikes, preferences about a location.	Analyse evidence and draw conclusions between locations using a range of sources e.g. photos, pictures, maps etc.	Analyse evidence and draw conclusions between locations using a range of sources e.g. photos, pictures, maps etc. Use a range of sources to suggest how the location impacts on people/everyday life (types of settlement, land use, economic activity, trade links, and distribution of natural resources).	Analyse evidence and draw conclusions between locations using a range of sources e.g. photos, pictures, maps etc. Use a range of sources to suggest how the location impacts on people/everyday life (types of settlement, land use, economic activity, trade links, and distribution of natural resources).

		1					
							Look at patterns and explain reasons behind them.
	Observe, record and communicate evidence in different ways e.g. pictures, pictograms, simple maps.	Observe, record and communicate evidence in different ways e.g. pictures, pictograms, simple maps, sketches, labelled diagrams.	Observe, record and communicate evidence in different ways e.g. sketches, diagrams, charts, writing, ICT.	Observe, record and communicate evidence e.g. construct a questionnaire, charts, graphs, use field sketches, sketch maps, writing etc.	Observe, record and communicate evidence e.g. construct a questionnaire, charts, graphs, use field sketches, sketch maps, writing, make colour coded maps etc.	Collect, record and communicate evidence in more detail, appropriate to the task and audience. Analyse findings and draw conclusions.	Collect, record and communicate evidence from a range of sources, appropriate to the task and audience. Analyse findings, draw conclusions and look for patterns.
	Express a simple opinion about a given topic	Express a simple opinion about a given topic	Express a simple opinion about a given topic.	Identify and explain different opinions.	Identify and explain different opinions linked to geographical issues.	Gather opinions from people (link to topic theme).	Gather opinions and give reasons for these (link to topic theme).
Location Knowledge	Use the local area for exploring both the built and	Use maps, atlases and globes name and locate the	Use maps, atlases and globes name and locate the world's	Use maps, atlases, globes and computer mapping to locate	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer
Atlas/mapping skills	natural environment. Provide play maps and small world equipment for children to create their own environments. Talk about features of their own immediate environments and make comparisons.	world's seven continents and five oceans. Name and locate Great Wishford / Salisbury on a map of the UK.	seven continents and five oceans. Use maps/atlases/globes to identify and name the four countries and capital cities of the UK and the seas surrounding it.	countries and describe countries linked to topic theme.	mapping to locate the world's main countries, and describe countries linked to topic theme. Include counties and cities in England.	mapping to locate the main countries in the world. (Identify environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities). Identify the position and significance of	mapping to locate countries in the world, including North or South America. (Identify environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities).
	Identify a map of the UK.					latitude, longitude, the Tropics of Cancer and	

						Capricorn, Artic and Antarctic Circle, the Greenwich Meridian and time zones.	
	Describe features linked to topic theme. (e.g shop, farm, town, library, café)	Describe features linked to topic theme. (e.g hill, local, road, woods, house, school, town).	Describe features linked to topic theme. (e.g valley, hill, local, road, coastline, village, town, city, harbour, factory, office, port).	Describe features linked to topic themeRegions of UK -Topographical features (hills, mountains, rivers, coasts) -Human and physical characteristics.	Describe features linked to topic themeTopographical features -Environmental regions and themes (climate, population, vegetation).	Describe features linked to topic theme Topographical features -Environmental regions and themes (climate, population, vegetation, land use patterns) - Compare maps from the past and present, focusing on land use.	Describe features linked to topic theme Topographical features (coasts, features of erosion, hills, mountains, rivers) -Environmental regions and themes (climate, population, vegetation, land use patterns, major cities) -Understand how land use has changed over time.
Fieldwork skills	Visit different parts of the local community, including areas where children may be very familiar, eg	Use locational and directional language (e.g. near and far; left and right) to describe the location of	Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West). Use aerial	Use the six points of a compass. Use two then four figure grid	Use the six points of a compass. Use four figure grid references.	Use the six and then eight points of a compass. Use four then six figure grid	Use the eight points of a compass. Use six figure grid references (refer
	supermarket, church, library.	features and routes on a map. Introduce north,	photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks	references.		references.	to longitude and latitude).

	south, east and west. Use photographs to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features. Devise simple picture maps.	and basic human and physical features. Devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.	Use symbols and key (including use of OS maps) to build their knowledge of the UK and the wider world.	Use symbols and key (including use of OS maps) to build their knowledge of the UK and the wider world.	Use symbols and key (including use of OS maps) to build their knowledge of the UK past and present.	Use symbols and key (including use of OS maps) to build their knowledge of the UK and the wider world past and present. Expand map skills to include non UK countries	
	Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds.	Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography and key human and physical features of the schools surrounding environment.	Use fieldwork to observe, measure and record the features of the local area. Use a range of methods e.g sketch maps, plans, graphs and digital technology.	Use fieldwork to observe, measure and record the features of the local area. Use a range of methods e.g sketch maps, plans, graphs and digital technology.	Use fieldwork to observe, measure and record the features of the local area, including pattern/movement/ change. Use a range of methods e.g sketch maps, plans, graphs and digital technology.	Use fieldwork to observe, measure and record the features of the local area, including pattern/movement/ change. Use a range of methods e.g sketch maps, plans, graphs and digital technology.	
Place Knowledge	differences through and physical geogra the united Kingdom,	Year 1 and 2 Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the united Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country.		Year 3 and 4 Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a region of the UK, and a region in a European country.		Year 5 and 6 Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a region of the UK, and a region within North or South America.	